

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, June 16.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, trace.
Temperature, Max. 82; Min. 72. Weather, fair; fresh trades.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1850.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.92c. Per Ton, \$78.40.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s, 5 1/4d. Per Ton, \$84.00.

VOL. XLIX, NO. 8379.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TRYING TO GET EVIDENCE BACK

Higher Wage Agitators Seek Recovery of Seized Papers.

The first come-back of the strike leaders who were arrested recently and their offices raided and private papers seized along with documents which the authorities state furnish evidence of criminal conspiracy, was made yesterday forenoon when attorney Lightfoot, acting on behalf of Makino, Negoro, Soga et al., made a demand upon the attorneys of the planters to turn over the letters, books, documents to him. The demand was refused whereupon replevin proceedings were promised and in the afternoon all those who participated in the raids and seizures were served with summons. The planters' attorneys refused to give up the papers on the ground that they were being held as evidence in the cases now pending against the leaders and many of the strikers.

Early in the afternoon a suit was filed by the Nippu Jiji Company, Ltd., against William Henry, High Sheriff of the Territory of Hawaii. The Nippu set forth that it was a corporation, and as such is the owner and lawfully entitled to the possession of the following personal property: one book, marked A; one book, marked S; one book, marked J; two ledgers, three cash books; one book of certificates of shares; nine account books, sundry papers and letters. Such property, alleges the Nippu, is unlawfully detained by the defendant; that the same has not been taken as a tax assessment or fine pursuant to the statute, or seized under an execution or an attachment against the property of the plaintiff; that the actual value of the property is \$500. An affidavit of Editor Soga is attached, merely substantiating the above alleged facts.

Mr. Prosser, counsel for the planters, when asked what course would be pursued with reference to the replevin suits, replied: "They will have a hard time to get evidence out of our hands until it has been used as such."

Independent Movement.

It is reported that the Hiroshima Association is beginning an independent movement to accomplish the object of the higher wage people, but will be absolutely independent of Makino, Negoro and Soga. The Hiroshima Association is one of the largest forces of the Higher Wage Association, and it was due to their activity added to the agitation of Makino et al. that the strikes were brought about. Later the Hiroshima men withdrew from the strike fight as organized by Makino.

Strikers' "Appeal" Forwarded.

A voluminous account of what is purported to have taken place here since the strike began was forwarded on the Alameda yesterday by the Higher Wage Association leaders, addressed to Ambassador Takahira at Washington. That official is asked to hasten the investigation of the subject, particularly with reference to the arrest of Makino et al., and the seizure of their letters and papers by the local police authorities. Makino and Negoro claim they have been abused, have had no rights respected and go so far as to say that their lives and property are endangered. The leaders were somewhat depressed yesterday when the cable from Washington was published, to the effect that the Japanese ambassador would take no action until he had made a full investigation. In other words the ambassador will have both sides of the question before him before he takes any course whatever.

The strike leaders are making every effort to place Consul General Uyeno in a difficult position because that official has so far failed to side with them. Negoro who has remained much in the

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INQUEST TO BE CONTINUED TODAY

Conflicting Testimony Marked Last Night's Session of Jury.

Conflicting testimony and statements bordering on the sensational were the features of the inquest which was held last night to determine, if possible, the cause of the death of Henry Wetherill, the sailor from the American-Hawaiian steamer Pleiades who was found with his skull crushed in on the waterfront last Tuesday morning. On account of the tedious manner in which it was necessary to take the testimony of several of the witnesses, interpreters having to be used, the examination of all the witnesses was not concluded last evening, though the inquest was continued until after ten o'clock.

"Mary said her full brother was going to be hanged." This is one of the sensational developments, a statement made by Mrs. Jorgenson, a Hawaiian woman. She referred to what Mary McCandless had said to her yesterday regarding Jim McCandless, her brother who is now under arrest. Deputy City Attorney Milverton had a great deal of trouble in getting direct statements from some of the witnesses, and he encountered considerable of it when he attempted to secure information from Mrs. Jorgenson. She contradicted herself several times, giving the excuse afterwards that she had spoken too quickly in the first place and that she had not meant what she said. All of the evidence, however, seems to show that Wetherill was last alive in the company of Jim McCandless and Thomas Cummings, the two who were on the Pleiades with him.

Early Monday evening, according to the testimony of several of the witnesses, McCandless, Cummings and Wetherill called at the place on Liliha and King streets where Mary McCandless has her abode. Here, for a while, a "general good time" was had. There was music and there was gin, and everybody was happy. But two of the men had a row about something on board the ship, at least, according to one of the Hawaiian women who was on the stand they were talking about ships when they quarreled, and the pleasant little party was broken up.

In the meantime, however, Mary McCandless had enquired of her brother whether or not he intended giving her any money. To this he replied that he had none at all. Downstairs from the room the party then went and a spirited discussion of some kind was held.

W. Speiser, watchman for the O. R. & L. Company, was called early in the evening as a witness, he testifying that about midnight Monday he and Jack Doyle, train despatcher, started to walk towards the latter's cottage. They passed a couple of men on the way. The men were arguing about something, the exact meaning of which Speiser and Doyle did not catch. One of the men said "You are a fool to go back on the ship."

Jack Doyle's testimony was practically the same as that of Speiser. He said that it was too dark for him to identify the men. Joseph Whaley, watchman on the dredger "Pearl," lying between the Hackfield wharf and the Railroad No. 1 wharf, testified that he saw three men walking towards the Pleiades, or on the road that led in the ship's direction, shortly after ten-thirty Monday night. He said that they were apparently under the influence of liquor, one of them more than the others, for he was in the middle and the two with him were trying to drag him along the road. Whaley heard them say something in Hawaiian about going back to town, and finally they turned mauka. Just then, according to Whaley, mounted policemen came along on their horses, and his attention was distracted from the men.

Jennie Kekaua, who was present at the "good time," was called as a witness, and she named those who were present in the room. She stated that she went to bed early, but could not sleep because of the noise made by Mary McCandless and her brother Jim. The latter was not called on the

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Henry Wetherill.



Jim McCandless.

PICTURE POSTAL TAKEN BY A. J. PARK, SEATTLE, SHOWING THE MURDERED MAN, McCANDLESS, SUSPECTED OF THE MURDER, AND TWO OTHER MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN-HAWAIIAN S. S. PLEIADES.

PINEAPPLE PRICES TO DROP; EXPLANATION FROM HAWAII

Los Angeles Express.—That pineapples will be cheaper this summer than for several seasons was the prediction made today by C. S. Marston of Marston & Martin, fruit dealers. Mr. Marston has just received a communication from Byron O. Clark, one of the largest growers in the Hawaiian Islands, which describes a peculiar condition in the pineapple market there.

"The financial depression of last year curtailed the demand for pineapples, and destroyed the market for the fruit," said Mr. Marston.

"Consequently, a large number of the growers found themselves with their money tied up in canned pineapples, as the crop was large last year, and a great many growers cannot heavily on the prospect of a good market."

"These growers now have large stocks of canned fruit on their hands; their funds are tied up in the banks, and the new crop is coming on. There are also a great many new plantations just coming into bearing. If a market

is not found for the canned and the fresh fruit, the growers will stand heavy losses.

"To relieve the situation, an extensive advertising campaign is now being carried on in Eastern newspapers in the hope of stimulating interest and creating a market for the fruit."

"A steamer left San Francisco today, bringing 150 crates of pineapples to Los Angeles from Honolulu. This is the first shipment of the new fruit and it is expected that large consignments will follow in a week or two."

"Mr. Clark notified me that the oncoming crop will be large and adds that it will not be advisable to contract for our fruit, as the supply will be heavy and prices low."

"Pineapples have been scarce and of poor quality between seasons. They are now selling at the high price of 8 to 9 cents a pound wholesale, and are hard to obtain at the price."

"There is every reason to believe that pineapples will sell as low as 4 to 6 cents a pound, or even lower, before the summer season closes."

HAWAII'S EXHIBIT WAS DELAYED IN OPENING

SEATTLE, June 8.—The doors of the Hawaiian building at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition were opened this morning. The exhibit was delayed owing to the late arrival of the United States transport Dix, and the members of the Hawaiian commission have been working day and night to get their display in order.

The attendance at the fair for the seven days ending last night was 221,872.

Upon the protest of a Japanese midshipman, the Japanese flag has been removed from the building of the rickshaw concession. The naval youth objected to his country's flag being placed beneath the American or any other flag.

\$14,000 PER MONTH FOR ROAD DEPARTMENT

"We will have just as much money for the road work as usual after July 1," said Supervisor Dan Logan yesterday. "We know that they can put out just so much road material from the machines we now have in use. We can give the road department about \$14,000 per month."

"As to the other departments which the Legislature gave to us to look after, we've got to look after them, in spite of what some supervisors say we won't and don't have to do. The law says we must and we must."

MAYOR FERN, A MAN WHO DOES THINGS

Mayor Fern is becoming well-known as an avenger of accidents. Last week, by his sheer personal strength, he held up a gangway loaded with people, until they could be landed in safety. The other day the horse of City Engineer Gere became entangled in the harness and shafts and fell down. The horse plunged and kicked. The Mayor took charge and soon had the animal out of the harness and no damage had been done.

He is the Mayor "who does things."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

According to information given out by the Consul-General at New Orleans, Guatemala will spend several million dollars to rid port Barrios and several other cities of the mosquito plague, which has been the bane of the residents for centuries.

The United States Geological Survey is placing great stress this year upon its work of classifying and valuing the public coal lands. Secretary Ballinger has broadened the policy of disposing of government coal deposits, and recently had legislation enacted to give the agricultural entryman the privilege of surface rights.

President Taft and Secretary Ballinger have reached the conclusion that it would not be inconsistent with the interests of the public service to divulge the details of the information gathered in the oil fields of Mexico by Dr. Hayes, the chief geologist. The report says that the product is of a low grade, valuable only for fuel use, and that the republic is likely, for a long time, to consume its own output.

THE SENATE CONFIRMS WOODRUFF AS SECOND FEDERAL JUDGE HERE

Czar and Kaiser Will Meet Today in Finnish Waters—Big Strike Preparing in Pittsburg ---Millionaire Morse Bailed Out.

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The Senate has confirmed George W. Woodruff for second Federal Judge in Hawaii.

CZAR AND KAISER MEET TODAY ON A YACHT

ST. PETERSBURG, June 17.—The Czar and Kaiser will meet on a yacht in Finnish waters today.

VIENNA, June 3.—According to the

latest news the Kaiser will embark at Kiel on the imperial yacht Hohenzollern June 11, to meet Emperor Nicholas. The meeting will take place either at Revel or off the Finnish coast June 17.

This is here regarded as a political interview of the first importance, forecasting a return by Russia to her old time policy of friendship with Germany. This will be further cemented by the substitution of M. Goremykin for M. Izvolsky, who, according to a Russian report, has been pensioned off and given a well-known house on Eliagin Island, which forms the summer residence of the Russian Ministers of Foreign Affairs.

Vital to Europe's Peace.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3.—A meeting between Emperor William and Emperor Nicholas has been arranged. The German Emperor will arrive on the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, while Emperor Nicholas will be on the Standart, accompanied by M. Izvolsky, the Foreign Minister, and Admiral Voevodsky, the Minister of Marine.

The news of the proposed interview between the sovereigns, coming so soon after the settlement of the Balkan crisis, has aroused eager speculation among the diplomats at St. Petersburg. It was supposed in some quarters that German mediation, which had ended the crisis, had left a heritage of bitterness which would estrange the two monarchs and lead Russia to identify herself more closely with Great

Britain's Continental policy.

This meeting, which, according to some reports, has been arranged on the initiative of Emperor Nicholas, is taken to mean that Russia prefers an amicable arrangement with Germany to the doubtful issue of an antagonistic policy. If Emperor William also meets President Fallieres, as reported from Berlin, the European situation may be regarded as entering upon a decidedly peaceful phase.

After meeting the German Emperor Nicholas will go to Stockholm, probably on June 26. He will then return to Peterhof, where during the early days of July he will receive King Frederick of Denmark. His Majesty will then proceed to Pultava, where he will be present on July 7 and 8 at the celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the battle of Pultava. The Emperor will then depart by sea for a visit to France and England, and probably Italy. The plans of this trip are held in the deepest secrecy, but elaborate preparations are already being taken to prevent tampering with the railway lines to Pultava. Forty-eight thousand troops will be stationed along the route during the journey. The military attaches of the various embassies and legations, but no other diplomatic representatives, have been invited to accompany His Majesty.

The Emperor on June 5 will preside at the dedication of the monument to Alexander III, which has been erected at the end of the Nevski Prospect.

PITTSBURG STRIKE COMING

PITTSBURG, June 17.—Ten thousand iron, tin and steel workers will strike June 30 because of their opposition to the open-shop system.

BAIL FOR MILLIONAIRE MORSE

NEW YORK, June 17.—Morse, the convicted millionaire swindler, has been released from prison on \$125,000 bail.

HENEY'S CLOSING ADDRESS

SAN FRANCISCO, June 17.—Mr. Heney begins his closing address today.

TAKAHIRA WILL TAKE TIME

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Japanese Ambassador Takahira states that he will take no action in regard to the charges made from Hawaii until he has made a full investigation and learned the facts of the case.

TOKIO, June 16.—The Foreign Office has received no appeal from Hawaii in regard to an alleged violation of treaty rights on the part of any Japanese subjects.

NEW RUSSIAN DREADNOUGHTS.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 16.—The keels of four battleships of the Dreadnought type, the beginning of Russia's new navy, have been laid.

PHILIPPINE SUGAR.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—The Senate today by vote rejected the amendment limiting the free admission of Philippine sugar to the term of two years.

MOVEMENTS OF JAPANESE.

Chronicle.—The acting consul general of Japan, K. Yamasaki, has given out some figures relative to the immigration and emigration of Japanese to and from this country. The figures are official, being the published report of the department of foreign affairs of Japan, which has just been cabled to the consul general's office. They show that 25 first cabin, 36 second cabin and 133 steerage passengers came to the United States, exclusive of Hawaii, in April, while in the same time 26 first class, 17 second class and 216 steerage passengers left this country for Japan.

The travel to Hawaii consisted of 3 first cabin, no second cabin and 72 steerage passengers in the same time, while 1 first class, no second class and 268 steerage passengers returned to Japan from Hawaii.

"It is apparent," says the consul general, "that during this period 53 more Japanese returned home than entered the mainland of the United States, and 194 more returned from than entered Hawaii. The largest proportion of these were of the working class, as shown by their mode of travel."

The departure from Mare Island of the Vicksburg has been delayed by the defective condition of her boilers. She has been ordered to the Atlantic coast.

HONOLULU MAN DISCOVERS VALUABLE SECRET IN CUBA

Owing to political disagreements Prof. J. T. Crawley, at one time connected with one of the big fertilizing corporations of Honolulu, and more recently in charge of the United States Experiment Station in Cuba, severed his connection with the institution a few weeks after the American evacuation of the island this year, and is now at the head of a large tobacco producing company.

The United States wished Prof.

Crawley to remain with the institution which he had established, but as the Cubans, in taking over the power, made things rather disagreeable for him, he resigned. He had, however, learned a valuable secret while working at the station. A certain combination of fertilizers applied to tobacco producing ground gave an immense yield and fine quality of leaf. Further experiments bore out the first and Mr. Crawley is now preparing to raise tobacco which is expected to revolutionize present growing methods.

Strike News Is Bad in Yokohama Newspapers

About a week ago a cablegram was received here from W. R. Castle, who is traveling in Japan, asking for information in regard to the strike situation. At that time the situation was favorable to what appeared an early settlement of the difficulties, and his correspondents here so cabled. Yesterday they received a cablegram from Mr. Castle, again asking for additional information, and inquiring whether a change had taken place in the situation, as the news received at Yokohama "was bad." A long cablegram will be forwarded to him, as he may be able to place the matter properly before some of the Japanese officials while he is in Yokohama and Tokio.